

AIM-T300 Insulation Monitoring Device

Installation and Operation Manual V1.7

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Modified Records

No.	Time	Versions	Reasons for revision
1	2018.06.18	V1.0	First version
2	2019.01.15	V1.1	Modify error
3	2020.03.28	V1.2	Add overview content; Simplified model description; Modify the opening size; Modify wiring terminal; Modify the inaccurate part of the communication address table.
4	2020.07.03	V1.3	Modify the model description; Modify the typical wiring diagram, modify the terminal, and modify the instrument auxiliary power supply section description.
5	2022.02.30	V1.4	Modify the format, add modify records; Model description Do not specify the model; Modify technical parameters.
6	2022.09.01	V1.5	Modify the Vertical view of the device, modify the depth size, consistent with the real object.
7	2024.09.25	V1.6	Add application, add Russian version
8	2025.01.15	V1.7	Update bottom info.
Notes:			

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AIM-T300 Insulation Monitoring Device

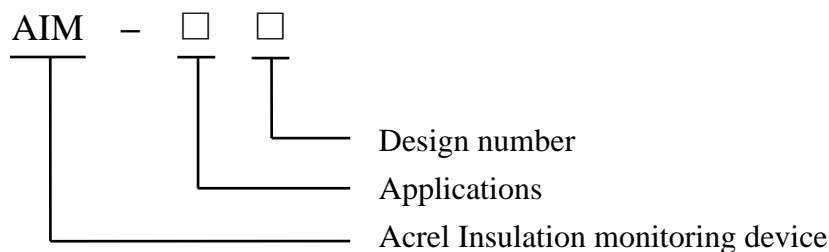
1 Introduction

AIM-T300 insulation monitoring device is designed and developed by Acrel gathering the design experience of electric power meter industry for many years to monitor the insulation condition of low voltage IT distribution system (ungrounded system). The product adopts advanced micro controller technology, with high degree of integration, compact size and easy installation, and it integrates intelligence, digitalization and networking. The device, with many functions such as insulation fault warning, fault alarm, event recording and so on, can be used in the mines, glass factories, electric furnaces and test facilities, metallurgical plants, chemical plants, and exploded dangerous places, computer center, emergency power supply and other places to monitor the insulation status of IT system in real time. When insulation fault occurs, it will alarm and remind the staff to check the fault.

2 Functional Characteristics

- Function of monitoring, fault warning and alarm the ground insulation resistance for IT system;
- Multiple fault indication function, such as relay alarm output, LED alarm indication and so on.
- Advanced field bus communication technology, communicate with the external alarm and display device or the upper computer management terminal and monitor the operation status of the IT system in real time.
- Fault event recording function. It can record the time and type of failure to provide convenience for operators to query and analyze the operation status of the system and eliminate faults in time.
- Applicable for insulation monitoring of AC, DC and AC / DC hybrid IT systems.
- Self checking function. realize the fault self-inspection of instrument hardware circuit.
- Broken line monitoring function. Monitor the connection condition between the L1/L2 and the IT system and the connection condition of the PE/KE function grounding wire.

3 Model Description



Instructions: AIM for Acrel Insulation monitoring device;

T for Industrial;

300 for 300 model.

4 Technical Parameters

Item		Parameter
Accessory power supply		AC 85~265V; DC100~300V; 50/60Hz
Power dissipation		< 6W
System voltage		AC 0~480V; DC 0~480V; 40~460Hz
System application		IT system (online), Other system (offline)
Insulation monitoring	Measuring range	1k~5MΩ
	Alarm range	10k~5MΩ
	Resistance accuracy	1~10k, 1k; 10k~5M, ±10%
	system leakage capacitance	<150μF
	Response time (Ce=1μF)	<6s
Internal parameters	Measuring voltage	<20V
	Measuring current	<170μA
	Internal DC impedance	≥120kΩ
Relay output		Warning, Alarm
SOE		20 records (fault type, fault value, fault time)
Alarm type		LCD, LED indicator
Communication		RS485, Modbus-RTU
Impulse voltage / Pollution Level		8kV/III
EMC/ Radiation		IEC61326-2-4
Environment	Working temperature	-10 ~+65°C
	Storage temperature	-20~+70°C
	Relative humidity	<95%, without condensation
	Altitude	≤2500m

5 Reference Standards

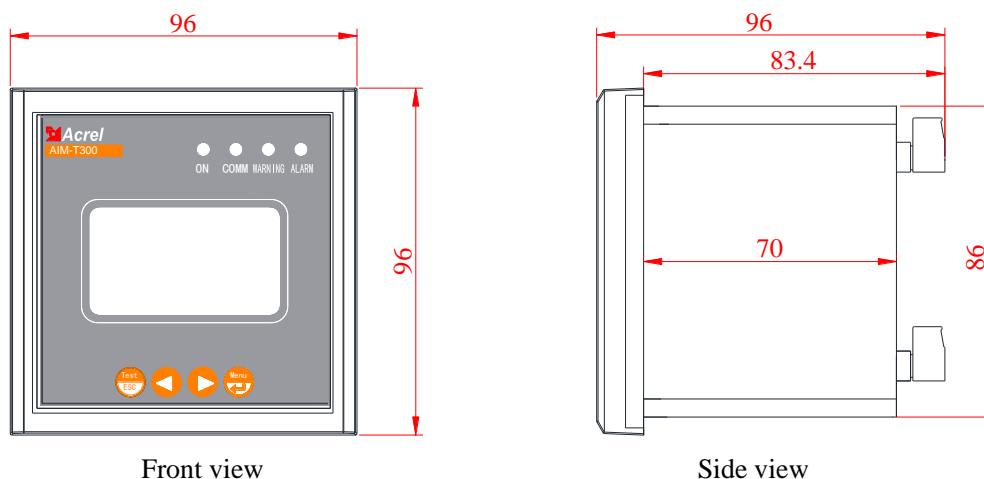
■ IEC 61557-8 *Electrical safety in low voltage distribution systems up to 1000V a.c. and 1500V d.c. - Equipment for testing, measuring or monitoring of protective measures - Part 8: Insulation monitoring devices for IT systems.*

■ IEC 61326-2-4 *Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use - EMC requirements - Part 2-4: Particular requirements - Test configurations, operational conditions and performance criteria for insulation monitoring devices according to IEC 61557-8 and for equipment for insulation fault location according to IEC 61557-9.*

6 Installation and Connection

6.1 Outline Dimension

AIM-T300 externality and installation size (unit: mm)

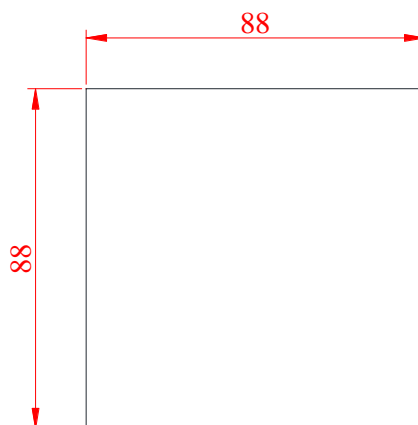


Front view

Side view

6.2 Method of Installation

The AIM-T300 insulation monitoring device is mounted in a recessed panel with the opening dimensions shown below.



6.3 Wiring Method

Upper terminals: the instrument functional grounding wire, KE, PE (28, 29), needs to be connected to the field equipotential grounding terminal respectively. L1, L2 (4, 5) link to the monitored IT system (Three phase IT system is connected to any 2 phase).

PE	KE		L1		L2
28	29		4		5

Lower terminals: U1, U2 (1, 2) terminals are auxiliary power interface of insulation monitoring device; A, B (18, 19) terminals are A and B line interface for RS485 communication respectively. It is used for communication with upper computer. DO1+ and DO1- (12, 13), DO2+ and DO2- (14, 15) are 2 sets of relay outputs, and they respectively correspond to the two kinds of control outputs: fault warning and fault alarm.

U ₁	U ₂		A	B		DO1+	DO1-	DO2+	DO2-
1	2		18	19		12	13	14	15

6.4 Matters Need Attention

(1) When wiring is installed, connection should be made in connection with the wiring diagram. The wiring should be inserted the corresponding terminal of the instrument and tighten the screw after

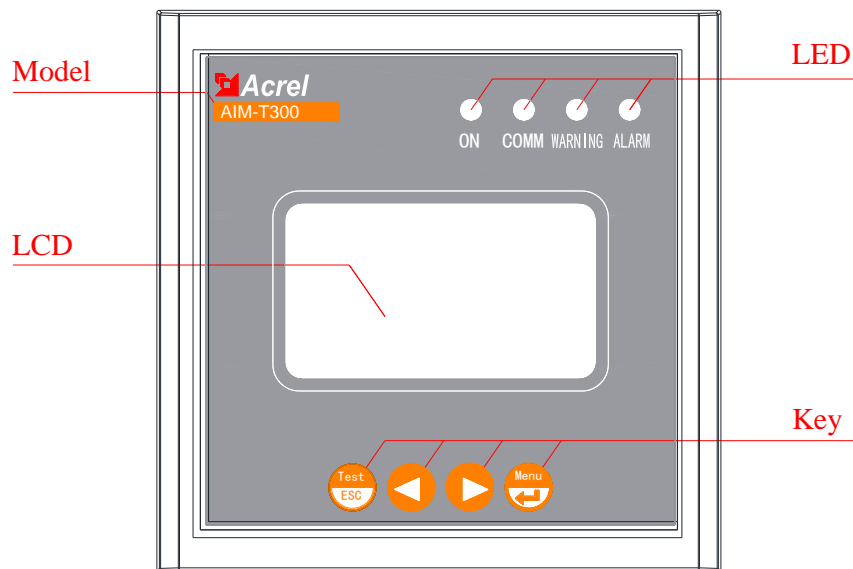
pressing by the needle socket joint to avoid improper operation of instruments due to poor contact.

(2) The device provides asynchronous half duplex RS485 communication interface, adopts Modbus-RTU protocol, and all kinds of data information can be transmitted on communication lines. In theory, up to 128 devices can be connected to one line at the same time. Each device can set its address and baud rate through the menu. It is recommended to use shielded twisted pair when communicating with the upper computer system. The cross section of each core should not be less than 0.5mm², and they connect to A, B respectively. When shielding layer is connected to earth, wiring should be kept away from strong cable or another strong electric field. It is recommended that a matched resistance in parallel should be added between the A and B terminals of the most terminal insulation monitoring device, and the recommended resistance is 120Ω.

(3) The relay output, without power alarm, is a passive output, so an extra power supply is required for the alarm (or caution light).

7 Program and Usage

7.1 Panel Description



7.2 LED Instructions

4 LED indicators are used to indicate the status of the insulation monitoring device.

LED indicators	Instructions
ON	when the device is working normally, the indicator lights flicker, and the scintillation frequency is about once a second
COMM	when the device has communication data to receive or send, the indicator lights flicker
WARNING	When the insulation resistance of the monitoring is less than the warning value, the warning indicator lights flicker.
ALARM	when the insulation resistance of the monitoring is less than the alarm value, the alarm indicator lights flicker

7.3 Function Description of Keys

There are four buttons in the device. They are "Test / ESC", "◀", "▶", "Menu / ↵".

Key	Key Function
Test / ESC	In the non-programming mode, it is used to start the self-checking; In programming mode, it is used to exit.
◀ ▶	In the non-programming mode, it is used to read the alarm record; In programming mode, it is used to increase or decrease the figure.
Menu / ↵	In non-programming mode, press button to enter programming mode; In programming mode, they are used as return confirmation or selection key.

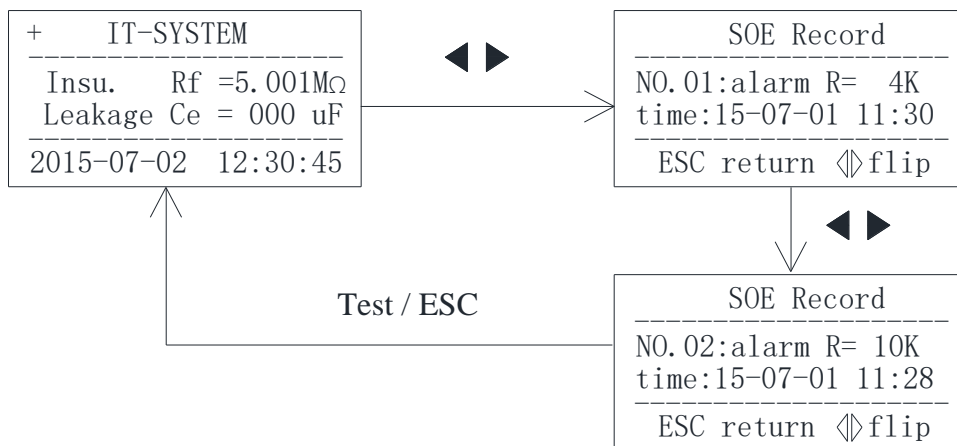
7.4 Operation Instructions of Keys

7.4.1 Key operation under the main interface

(1) When starting up, enter the main interface by default. If there is no other key operation, the system will go into the main interface and work. The insulation resistance value, the leakage capacitance value and the current system time are showed on the main interface.

(2) Check the alarm record. In the main interface, one can enter the event record query interface by pressing the "◀" or "▶" to turn the page to successively query the most recent 20 fault records. The first one is the latest record, and the twentieth record is the oldest one.

(3) Self-examination of the instrument. When press the "Test / ESC" button, the monitor will start the self-examination program to simulate insulation faults and system errors. The 4 LED lights are on at the same time, and the relay is closed. The self-check results will be displayed after 2S or so to determine whether the function of the instrument is normal.



7.4.2 Parameter setting

(1) Enter the Menu.

Under normal operation, enter the password input page by pressing the "Menu / ↵" key. Set the size of number by "◀" or "▶", press "Test / ESC" to enter the menu after inputting the correct password. Otherwise, the password error will be displayed and automatically returned after 1s.

(2) LCD Settings

After entering the menu, select "LCD Set" and press "◀" or "▶" to adjust the LCD contrast (long press is supported). You can adjust the LCD backlight time. After the modification is complete, press

the "Test / ESC" key to exit. At this time, you can choose whether to save the setting and press Enter to confirm and exit.

(3) Security Settings

Enter the menu and select "AlarmSet". Press "◀" or "▶" to adjust the warning and alarm values (long press is supported). Press The Back key to exit. At this time, you can choose whether to save the settings. Press Enter to confirm and exit. The default alarm value is 38K and the early warning value is 60K.

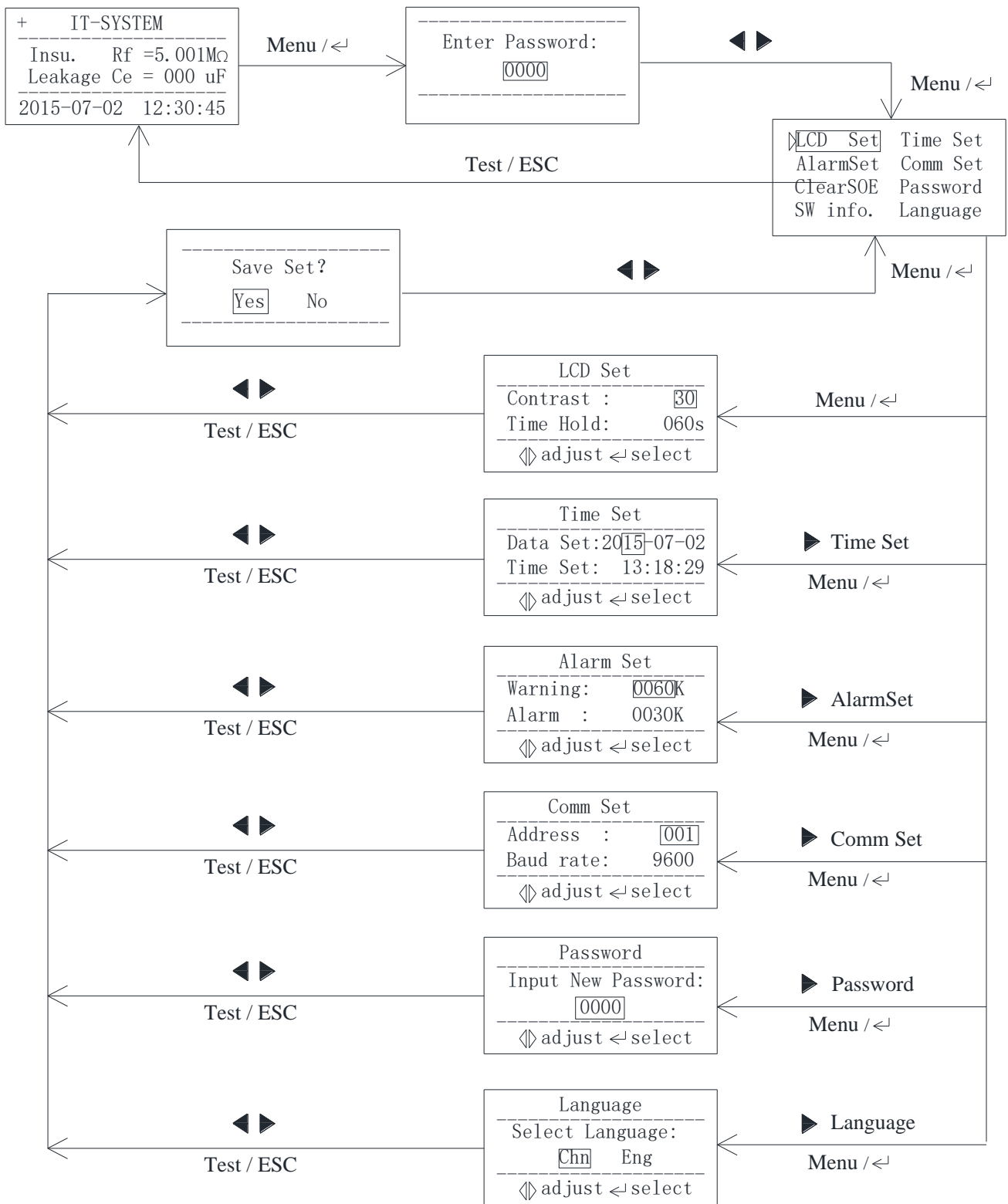
(4) Communication Settings

After entering the menu, select "Comm Set" and press "◀" or "▶" to adjust system communication parameters (hold down is supported). Press "Test / ESC" key to exit. At this time, you can choose whether to save the settings. Press Enter to confirm and exit. The default communication address is 1 and baud rate is 9600.

(5) Setting of other information

The insulation monitor also provides the functions of Clearing Records, Password Setting, Software Information, and Capacitor Setting. The settings of these parameters are similar to those described in the preceding steps.

The specific interface display and operation steps are as follows:



8 Communication Instruction

8.1 Modbus-RTU Communication Protocol

Meter RS485 interface adopts Modbus-RTU communication protocol, which defines the address, function code, data, check code in detail. It is the necessary content to complete the data exchange between the host and slave machine.

8.2 Introduction to Function Code

8.2.1 Function code 03H or 04H: Read the registers

This function allows to acquire the data by equipment and the system parameters. The number of data requested by hosts has no limit, but cannot exceed the defined address range.

The following example shows how to read a measured insulation resistance value from No.01 slave computer, with the address of the value of 0008H.

The Host Computer Sends		Send Message	The Slave Computer Returns		Return Message
Address code		01H	Address code		01H
Function code		03H	Function code		03H
Start address	High byte	00H	Bytes		02H
	Low byte	08H	Register data	High byte	00H
Number of registers	High byte	00H		Low byte	50H
	Low byte	01H	CRC check code	Low byte	B8H
CRC check code	Low byte	05H		High byte	78H
	High byte	C8H			

8.2.2 Function code 10H: Write the registers

The function code 10H allows the user to change the contents of multiple registers, which can write the time and date in this meter. The host can write up to 16 (32 bytes) data at a time.

The following example shows a preset address of 01 with an installation date and time of 12:00, Friday, December 1, 2009.

The Host Computer Sends		Send Message	The Slave Computer Returns		Return Message
Address code		01H	Address code		01H
Function code		10H	Function code		10H
Start address	High byte	00H	Start address	High byte	00H
	Low byte	04H		Low byte	04H
Number of registers	High byte	00H	Number of registers	High byte	00H
	Low byte	03H		Low byte	03H
Number of registers		06H	CRC check code	Low byte	C1H
0004H data	High byte	09H		High byte	C9H
	Low byte	0CH			
0005H data	High byte	01H			
	Low byte	05H			
0006H data	High byte	0CH			
	Low byte	00H			
CRC check code	Low byte	A3H			
	High byte	30H			

Note: The above data is for reference only, see address table for register definition

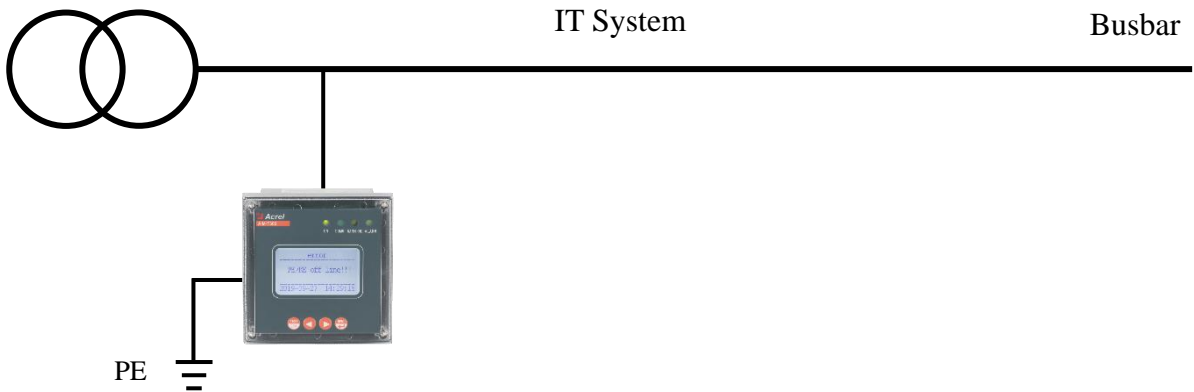
8.3 Address Table of AIM-T300

No.	Address	Parameter	R/W	Value Range	Data Type
0	0000H	Passwords	R	0000-9999 (default 0000)	UINT16
1	0001H high	Address	R	1~247 (default 1)	UINT16
	0001H low	Baud rate	R	0~3: 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400 (unit bps) (default 9600)	
2	0002H high	Contrast ratio	R	15-60 (default: 30)	UINT16
	0002H low	Display time	R	15~250 (unit second) (default 60, 15 light)	
3	0003H high	Year	R/W	0~99 Read +2000	UINT16
	0003H low	Month	R/W	1~12	
4	0004H high	Day	R/W	0~31	UINT16
	0004H low	Warning mark	R	0: none 1: warning 2: warning and alarm	
5	0005H high	Hour	R/W	0~23	UINT16
	0005H low	Minute	R/W	0~59	
6	0006H high	Second	R/W	0~59	UINT16
	0006H low	Data stable	R	0 or 1 (0 invalid, 1 stable)	
7	0007H high	Warning value	R/W	60~4999 (unit: k Ω) (default: 60)	UINT16
	0007H low	Warning value			
8	0008H high	Alarm value	R/W	10~4999 (unit: k Ω) (default: 38)	UINT16
	0008H low	Alarm value			
9	0009H high	Resistance value	R	1~5001 (unit: k Ω)	UINT16
	0009H low	Resistance value			
10	000AH	SN (high 16 bits)	R	Default: 0000000000	UINT16
11	000BH	SN (low 16 bits)			UINT16
12	000CH	Reserve			UINT16
13	000DH	Leakage capacity	R	0~150 (unit: μF)	UINT16
14	000EH high	Symbol of broken line	R	0: none 1: L1 broken 2: L2 broken 4:PE/KE broken line	UINT16
	000EH low	Current period		2~200 (unit s)	
15	000FH high	Whether access system	R	0: no access system 1: access system	UINT16
	000FH low	Reserve			
16	0010H high	SOE1	R	The sequence number of SOE	UINT16
	0010H low		R	Incident content: 0~2 0: a fault free record 1: warning 2: alarm	
17	0011H	resistance value	R	SOE 1 insulation resistance	UINT16
18	0012H high	Month	R	SOE 1 time -year	UINT16
	0012H low		R	SOE 1 time -month	

19	0013H high		Day	R	SOE 1 time -day	UINT16
	0013H low		Hour	R	SOE 1 time -hour	
20	0014H high		Minute	R	SOE 1 time -minute	UINT16
	0014H low		Second	R	SOE 1 time -second	
21~ 115	0015H~ 0073H	The remaining 19 events are recorded in this part of the space, and the rules and formats are the same as the first.				UINT16 *95

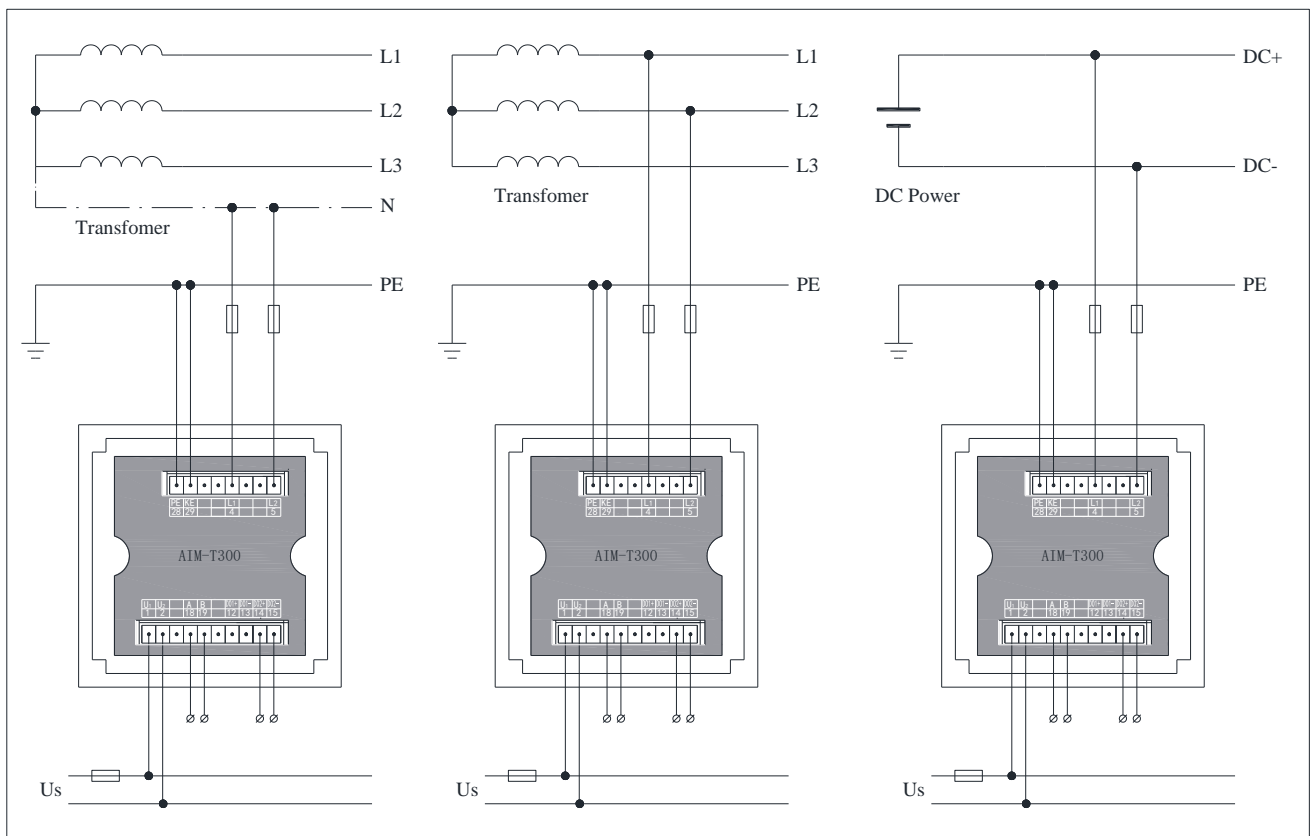
9 Typical Applications

Typical applications for the AIM-T300 are shown below.



Instructions: Stand-alone IT systems typically use a single insulation monitor, and the simultaneous operation of multiple insulation monitors can cause signal interference problems.

The AIM-T300 typical wiring diagram is shown below.



Instructions:

- (1) The two single wires 28 and 29 are each connected to the PE wire.
- (2) If there is N in the three-phase ungrounded system, 4 and 5 are connected to N. If there is no N, 4 and 5 are connected to L1 and L2 respectively. If there is no N, 4 and 5 are connected to L1 and L2 respectively, and if it is single phase, 4 and 5 are connected to L1 and L2 respectively.
- (3) Us indicates access to 220 VAC power.

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